I MINA'BENTE NUEBI NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2007 (FIRST) Regular Session

Resolution No. 96 (EC)

Introduced by:

1

2

T.R. Muna-Barnes

J.T. Won Pat, Ed. D.

A.B. Palacios

E.B. Calvo %

J. Espaldon

RELATIVE TO REQUESTING THE GUAM PRESERVATION TRUST TO RESTORE, RENOVATE AND REHABILITATE THE GUAM CONGRESS BUILDING COMMONLY KNOWN AS THE GUAM LEGISLATURE BUILDING IN HAGATNA

50

__3

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF

- MINA BENTE NUEBI NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN:
- WHEREAS, the construction of the Guam Congress Building began
- 4 with the groundbreaking on September 2, 1947 and signaled the official start
- 5 of the reconstruction of the City of New Agana, which was completely
- 6 destroyed during the recapture of Guam; and
- 7 WHEREAS, the laying of the cornerstone took place on Saturday,
- 8 October 4, 1947 during a recess of the October session of the 8th Guam
- 9 Congress. Present at the ceremony were the Honorable E.T. Calvo, Chairman
- 10 of the House of Assembly who presided over the formal ceremony; the

- 1 the Honorable Baltazar J. Bordallo, Chairman of the House of Council; Judge
- 2 Jose C. Manibusan, Senior Judge, Island Court; Ben U. Zafra, Chief
- 3 Commissioner; Albert Carbuillido, acting post commander of the American
- 4 Legion Mid-Pacific Post; Monsignor Calvo, who delivered the invocation; and
- 5 many other dignitaries; and
- 6 WHEREAS, the Guam Congress building was completed on July 8, 1948
- 7 and was dedicated to the "highest ideals of Democracy and Justice" in a
- 8 ceremony on July 21, 1948 when it was presented to the people of Guam by
- 9 then Governor Charles Pownall; and
- 10 WHEREAS, the relationship between the Guam Congress and Governor
- 11 Pownall was tumultuous at best often resulting in confrontation between
- 12 Pownall's naval rule of law and the Chamorro leader's struggle for political
- 13 rights. These confrontations intensified as events and issues worsen on
- 14 matters of military land-taking, security clearances, and oppressed legislative
- 15 powers of the Guam Congress. Throughout all of these contentious
- 16 developments, the Guam Congress Building was constructed and would
- 17 become the center of political disobedience; and
- 18 WHEREAS, on March 5, 1949, one of the most significant political
- 19 events in the history of Guam took place at the Guam Congress Building
- 20 when the Guam Assembly walked out en masse, through a motion by
- 21 Assemblyman Antonio C. Cruz, to protest what was seen as a lack of respect
- 22 and authority by Governor Pownall in his intervention of the proper

- 1 execution of an Assembly arrest warrant for a contempt charge against a U.S.
- 2 Navy civil service employee; and
- 3 WHEREAS, the resulting political fallout received national press
- 4 coverage, arranged by Assemblyman Carlos P. Taitano, and generated
- 5 tremendous support for self-governance and U.S. citizenship for the people of
- 6 Guam and on October 3, 1949, the House Public Lands Committee of the
- 7 United States Congress reported that H.R. 4499, containing provisions that
- 8 later became known as the Organic Act of Guam, would be enacted; and
- 9 WHEREAS, in December 2000, while visiting Guam, former Guam
- 10 Assemblyman Carlos P. Taitano, Mr. Taitano explained in his words the
- 11 importance of the Guam Congress Building, stating,
- 12 "The Guam Legislature Building is of historical, political, and cultural
- important because it was in the House of Assembly of the Guam
- 14 Congress where Chamoros staged the first revolt against colonial
- administration on March 5, 1949 since the Spanish-Chamorro Wars in
- the late 1600s. The last Guam Congress met in this building. The First
- 17 Guam Legislature met in this building."; and
- 18 WHEREAS, in the quest for political freedom, the Guam Congress
- 19 Building became the center of strength and courage in the face of fear of arrest
- and imprisonment for acts of defiance against the arbitrary rule of the U.S.
- 21 Naval Military Government, it has become a symbol of the struggle of the

- 1 Chamorro people to survive the events and circumstances that they have no
- 2 control of or choice; and
- 3 WHEREAS, the Guam Congress Building was deemed unsafe for use
- 4 and occupation by an engineering study in 1989, which facilitated the move of
- 5 the Legislature to its current temporary location; and
- 6 WHEREAS, the Guam Congress Building was listed in the National
- 7 Register of Historic Places on February 1, 2007; and
- 8 WHEREAS, the continued deterioration of the Guam Congress Building
- 9 may lead to its eventual destruction, depriving the future generations of
- 10 Guam access to one of its most significant historical local treasures; and
- 11 WHEREAS, it is in the best interest of the people of Guam that the
- 12 Guam Congress Building be fully restored for use by the Guam Legislature
- 13 and the people of Guam; and
- WHEREAS, one of the mandates of the Guam Preservation Trust is the
- 15 protection of historic structures and sites through stabilization, rehabilitation,
- 16 reconstruction, or restoration; and
- 17 WHEREAS, the Guam Congress Building, with its significant historic
- 18 value to the people of Guam, would make a perfect candidate for restoration
- 19 by the Guam Preservation Trust; now, therefore, be it
- 20 **RESOLVED**, that I Mina'Bente Nuebi Na Liheslaturan Guahan officially
- 21 request the Guam Preservation Trust to restore, rehabilitate, and renovate the
- 22 Guam Congress Building; and

1	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that I Liheslaturan Guahan appoint
2	representatives who will communicate directly with the Guam Preservation
3	Trust on the progress of the restoration, renovation, and rehabilitation project.
4	The Speaker of I Liheslaturan Guahan or a designee and the Minority Leader of
5	I Liheslaturan Guahan or a designee, shall serve as the representatives of I
6	Liheslaturan Guahan; and
7	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that a Subcommittee on Legislative
8	Building be established under the Committee on Education, General and
9	Omnibus Affairs, whose sole purpose is to oversee the project of restoration,
10	renovation and rehabilitation of the Guam Congress Building; and
11	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Speaker and the Chairman of
12	the Executive Committee certify, and the Secretary of I Liheslatura attest to, the
13	adoption hereof, and that copies of the same be thereafter transmitted to the
14	Guam Preservation Trust and the Honorable Felix P. Camacho, I Maga'lahen
15	Guahan.
	DULY AND REGULARLY ADOPTED BY I MINA'BENTE NUEBI NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN ON THE DAY OF
	MARK FORBES RAY TENORIO
	Speaker Senator and Secretary of the Legislature
	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2